ATTACHMENTS



ATTACHMENT A

DETERMINATION OF POTENTIAL AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION SAVINGS



Determination of Potential Agricultural Conservation Savings (Low End of Range) Sacramento River

Input Data from DWR			Assumptions for Calculations		
Applied Water	6,278	(1,000 af)	1. Ave. Leaching Requirement =	4%	
Depletion	4,321	(1,000 af)			
ET of Applied Water	4,096	(1,000 af)	2. % lost to Channel Evap/ET 3 =	4%	
			3. Assumed allocation of conservation betw District and On-farm		
			district portion = 1/3 of savings * "ad	justment factor"	
			canal lining:	0	
			tailwater:	0 (adjustment factor	
			flexibility:	2 based on region variation	
			meas/price:	2 in water districts)	
O 1 1 4' C Y 4	-				
Calculations from Input	Data			4 (points for this region's districts	
Calculations from Input	Data	(1,000 af)		4 (points for this region's districts of 4 points for average)	
Total Existing			(Diff betw. Applied Water and ETAW)		
	g Losses	2182	(Diff betw. Applied Water and ETAW) (Diff betw. Depletion and ETAW)	of 4 points for average)	
Total Existing	g Losses le losses	2182 225		of 4 points for average) 1 = adjustment factor	
Total Existing	g Losses le losses le losses	2182 225 1,957	(Diff betw. Depletion and ETAW)	of 4 points for average) 1 = adjustment factor 33% = district portion	
Total Existing Total Irrecoverab Total Recoverab	g Losses le losses le losses able Loss	2182 225 1,957 10%	(Diff betw. Depletion and ETAW) (Diff betw. Applied Water and Depletion)	of 4 points for average) 1 = adjustment factor 33% = district portion	
Total Existing Total Irrecoverab Total Recoverab Ratio of Irrecovera	g Losses le losses le losses able Loss leaching	2182 225 1,957 10%	(Diff betw. Depletion and ETAW) (Diff betw. Applied Water and Depletion) (Irrecov divided by total existing losses)	of 4 points for average) 1 = adjustment factor 33% = district portion	
Total Existing Total Irrecoverab Total Recoverab Ratio of Irrecovera Portion lost to	g Losses le losses le losses able Loss leaching Evap/ET	2182 225 1,957 10% 17 251	(Diff betw. Depletion and ETAW) (Diff betw. Applied Water and Depletion) (Irrecov divided by total existing losses) (Leach Req. * ETAW * Irrec. Loss Ratio * Adj. Factor)	of 4 points for average) 1 = adjustment factor 33% = district portion 67% = on-farm portion	
Total Existing Total Irrecoverab Total Recoverab Ratio of Irrecovera Portion lost to Portion lost to Channel	g Losses le losses le losses able Loss leaching Evap/ET Potential	2182 225 1,957 10% 17 251 1,914	(Diff betw. Depletion and ETAW) (Diff betw. Applied Water and Depletion) (Irrecov divided by total existing losses) (Leach Req. * ETAW * Irrec. Loss Ratio * Adj. Factor) (Applied Water * % lost to Channel Evap/ET)	of 4 points for average) 1 = adjustment factor 33% = district portion 67% = on-farm portion	

Incremental Distribution of Conservable Portion of Losses

		Distrib. Factor	Applied Water Reduction ¹ (1,000 ac-ft)	Irrec. Loss Reduction ² (1,000 ac-ft)	Rec. Loss Reduction (1,000 ac-ft)
No Action Increment =	1st 40%	0.40	766	0	766 574
CALFED Increment = Remaining =		0.30	574 574	0	574 574
			1,914	0	1,914

Summary of Savings:

Existing Applied Water Use =

6,278

Total Potential Reduction of Application

(1,000af)	Existing	No Action	CALFED	Total
On-Farm		511	383	894
District		255	191	446
Total	2,182	766	574	1,340

Recovered Losses with Potential for Rerouting Flows							
(1,000af)	Existing	No Action	CALFED	To			
On-Farm		511	383	8			

(1,000af)	Existing	No Action	CALFED	Lotal
On-Farm		511	383	894
District		255	191	446
Total	1,957	766	574	1,340

Potential for Recovering Currently Irrecoverable Losses

(1,000af)	Existing	No Action	CALFED	Total
On-Farm		0	0	0
District	-	0	0	0
Total	225	0	0	0

- 1. Calculated as the distribution factor times the "conservable portion" of the total existing loss. The first 40% of savings potential occurs under No Action. The next 30% of saving potential is the CALFED increment. The final 30% is considered "non-conservable".
- 2. Calculated as the distribution factor times the "conservable portion" of irrecoverable loss. The first 40% of savings potential occurs under No Action. The next 30% of saving potential is the CALFED increment. The final 30% is considered "non-conservable".
- 3. Derived from comparing consumptive conveyance loss values from USBR Least-Cost CVP Yield Increase Plan, T.A #3 (Sept. 1995) to applied water values for the region. A range of 2 to 4% was used to account for uncertainty. This value accounts for consumption by bank and riparian vegetation and channel evaporation.